

Design of Novel Ligands for Thymic Stromal Lymphoetin

M. Dumbani, G. Wolber

*Molecular Design Lab, Institute of Pharmacy, Freie Universität Berlin, Königin-Luise-Strasse 2+4,
14195 Berlin, Germany*

Thymic stromal lymphopoietin (TSLP) is a member of IL-2 cytokine family. Structurally similar to IL-7-like, TSLP plays an important role in pathophysiology of several allergic conditions such as the triad atopic diseases (asthma, atopic dermatitis and atopic rhinitis) [1]. Intracellular signalling proceeds through binding of TSLP to its cognate TSLP receptor (TSLPR) and IL-7R α to regulate T-cell development and homeostasis [2,3].

The importance of targeting TSLP has been revealed by Phase II trial conducted using TSLP blocking antibody, Tezepelumab for reducing allergen sensitivity and inflammation. However, due to lack of oral bioavailability and high production cost, development of small molecule inhibitors that could disrupt this protein-protein complex could be a parallel approach [3].

The objective of this study is to analyze the TSLP-TSLPR-IL-7 complex and identify compounds that disrupt the protein-protein interface. As there are no known small-molecule inhibitors till date, we identify important interactions in the binding site using molecular interaction fields (MIFs) [4]. The feature-based MIFs helps us to determine energetically favorable interactions (hotspots) using different probes such as hydrophobic moieties (“DRY”), for H-bond donors with and without charges (N1+, N1, N2) and for acceptors (O-, O). This analysis results in a structure-based 3D pharmacophore in LigandScout [5] suitable for virtual screening. Probability density maps (dynophores) are developed for recently published ligands [6] to further characterize ligand binding for this promising and novel target.

References

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